[Dec. Mazziotti v. France (no. 65089/13)](http://www.prisonlitigation.org/?email_id=91&user_id=140&urlpassed=aHR0cDovL2h1ZG9jLmVjaHIuY29lLmludC9lbmc%2FaT0wMDEtMTg3MTAy&controller=stats&action=analyse&wysija-page=1&wysijap=subscriptions" \t "_blank)

The applicant was subjected to a seven-day disciplinary sanction after the prison administration found a cell phone in his cell. He complained under Article 3 that this sanction amounted to an inhuman or degrading treatment due to his psychological suffering at the time of the events, and under Article 13 that he had been unable to appeal against the decision of the prison disciplinary board.

The Court considered that the sanction was justified on security grounds. In addition, the Court observed that the sanction was relatively short, and further shortened by two days after the prison administration accepted the applicant’s request to replace the last two days with community work. The Court stated that this proves that the administration carried out a regular analysis of the applicant’s situation. The Court went on to note that the applicant had been under regular medical supervision. Lastly, the Court observed that he did not complain of the material conditions of detention in the disciplinary cell. Therefore, the Court concluded that the application is manifestly ill-founded.

Accordingly, the Court declared that the complaint under Article 13 shall be considered ill-founded as well.